















EC PROJECT `GUIDELINES ON MPE': PROPOSED QUALIFICATION AND CURRICULUM FRAMEWORKS

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MPE Project

- Objective: Improved implementation of the provisions relating to the MPE of:
 - Council Directive 97/43/EURATOM (Medical Exposures Directive, MED)
 - New recast Basic Safety Standards (BSS) Directive.
- Project data:
 - TREN/09/NUCL/SI2.549828
 - website:http://portal.ucm.es/web/medical-physicsexpert-project/inicio

Members of Consortium

- Coordinator: Medical Physics Group, Department of Radiology, Complutense University, Madrid
- Partners:
 - EFOMP
 - Institute of Physics and Engineering in Medicine (IPEM), UK
 - Department of Physics, "Enrico Fermi", University of Pisa
 - German Society of Medical Physics (DGMP)
 - North East Strategic Health Authority, Yorkshire and the Humber Quality Assurance Reference Centre, United Kingdom
- Observer: WHO

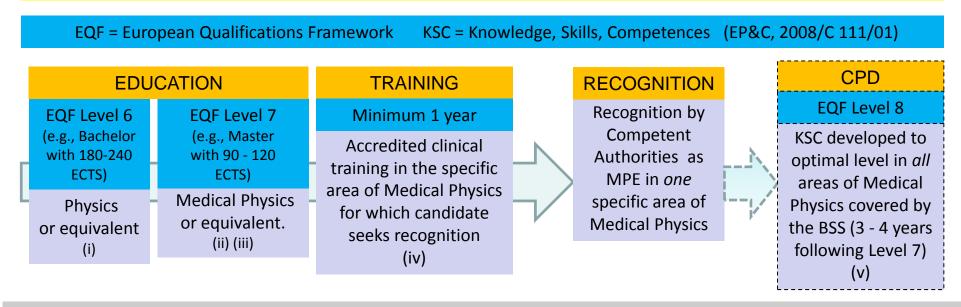
Qualification Framework

We wanted to design a Qualifications Framework that:

- Is based on the European Qualifications
 Framework (EQF) which is the most recent EC document on qualification frameworks
- Facilitates the mobility of the MPE in Europe through an agreed set of *minimum criteria* for achievement of MPE status
- Makes it possible for more physical scientists to achieve MPE status through its flexibility, costeffectiveness and lifelong learning approach

Qualification Framework for the MPE in Europe

Medical Physics Expert: "An individual having the knowledge, training and experience to act or give advice on matters relating to radiation physics applied to medical exposure, whose competence to act is recognized by the Competent Authorities" (Recast BSS)



- (i) 'Equivalent' here meaning EQF Level 6 with a high level of physics and mathematics content.
- (ii) 'Equivalent' here meaning EQF Level 7 with a high level of physics and mathematics content, plus further additional education in the Core KSC of Medical Physics (as specified in this document) and the KSC specific to the area of Medical Physics for which the candidate would be seeking recognition (as specified in this document).
- (iii) The educational level for the MPE has been set at EQF Level 7 because to provide effective, safe and economical practice based on current best evidence, the MPE requires highly specialized knowledge, critical awareness of knowledge issues in the field, specialized problem-solving skills, ability to manage work contexts that are complex and ability to review the performance of teams (2008/C 111/01).
- (iv) Accredited credentialing training programme for further on-the-job development of the Core KSC of Medical Physics (as specified in this document) and the KSC specific to the area of Medical Physics for which the candidate would be seeking recognition (as specified in this document). This training should ideally take the form of a Residency.
- (v) This Qualification Framework concerns the minimum qualification level for the MPE. This level is therefore not

Curriculum Framework

We wanted a detailed inventory of learning outcomes (LO) that is:

 Expressed in terms of Knowledge, Skills and Competences (KSC) as required by the EQF:

Knowledge: facts, principles, theories, practices

Skills: use knowledge and know-how to complete tasks and solve problems (both cognitive skills and practical skills involving manual dexterity and the use of methods, materials, tools and instruments)

Competence: responsibility and autonomy (EQF definitions)

- Guided by an updated mission statement for Medical Physics Services.
- Structured in a way that promotes the unity of the profession whilst at the same time making it easier for an MPE to move easily from one area of medical physics practice to another, according to national and personal needs, with a minimum amount of additional education and training.

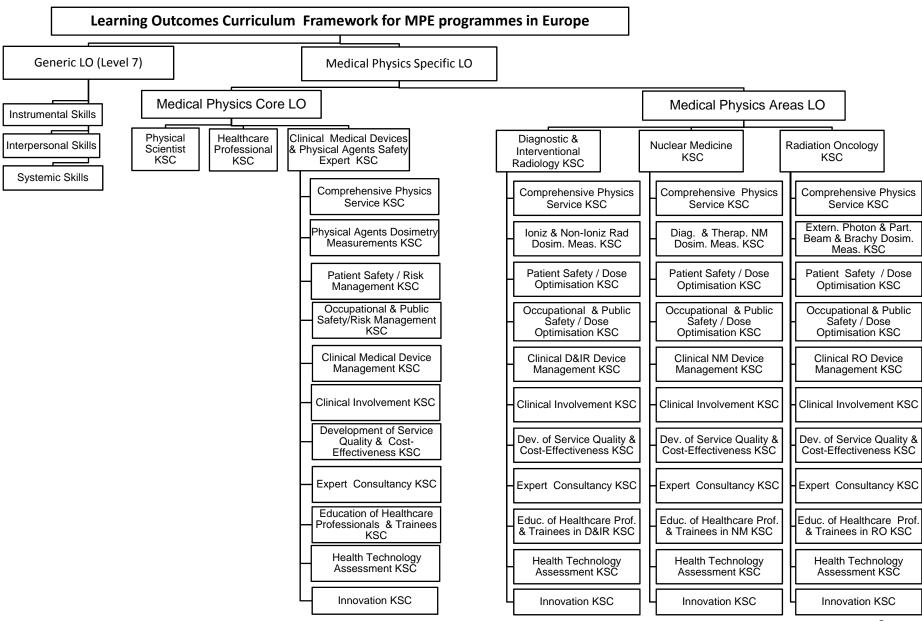
Mission Statement for MPE Services

"Medical Physics Services will contribute to maintaining and improving the quality, safety and cost-effectiveness of healthcare services through patient-oriented activities requiring expert action, involvement or advice regarding the selection, acceptance testing, commissioning, quality assurance including quality control, and optimised clinical use of the medical devices used in Diagnostic and Interventional Radiology, Nuclear Medicine and Radiation Oncology and regarding risks from associated physical agents* (particularly though not exclusively ionising radiation); all activities will be based on current best evidence or own scientific research when the available evidence is not sufficient"

*The term 'physical agents' has been used to include both ionising and non-ionising radiations. The use of non-ionising radiation imaging modalities as alternatives to ionising radiation is mandated by Article 3 of 97/43/Euratom and Article 80 of the new BSS. The term 'physical agents' refers to not only ionising radiation but also static magnetic fields, radiofrequency radiation, ultrasound and any other physical agent associated with these imaging modalities.

11 Key Activities for the MPE

- Comprehensive Physics Service,
- Physical Agents Dosimetry Measurements,
- Patient Safety and Risk Management,
- Occupational / Public Safety and Risk Management (when associated with medical exposures),
- Clinical Medical Device Management (particularly selection, acceptance testing, commissioning and quality assurance including quality control),
- Clinical Involvement,
- Development of Service Quality and Cost-Effectiveness,
- Expert Consultancy,
- Education of Healthcare Professionals and Trainees,
- Health Technology Assessment,
- Innovation.



Generic LO

Instrumental	 Retrieve information from different sources. Analyze and synthesize. Solve problems. Use general productivity software. Organize, plan and manage one's workload. Communicate effectively (orally and in writing) in two European languages one of which should preferably be English. Take decisions in a timely manner.
Interpersonal	 Communicate orally and in writing with both experts in the field and non-experts. Respect diversity and multiculturalism. Exhibit aptitude to work in an international context. Demonstrate ongoing ethical commitment. Work productively in both mono-disciplinary and multi-disciplinary teams. Criticise constructively and accept constructive criticism.
Systemic	1.Generate new ideas (creativity). 2.Design and manage projects. 3.Adapt to new situations. 4.Learn autonomously and take responsibility for one's own learning. 5.Reflect and evaluate one's own practice and learning. 6.Apply research skills and use published evidence to develop and improve the quality of one's own practice. 7.Work within the scope of one's practice and abilities. 8.Seek advice when a task is outside one's ability. 9.Be entrepreneurial. etc

LO for the MPE as Physical Scientist

Knowledge			Skills	Competence		
1.	List the fundamental quantities and dimensions of physics, including use in checking consistency of equations.	1.	Manage the acquisition, editing, analysis, interpretation,	1.	Assume responsibility to carry out experimental work autonomously and in a safe	
2.	List the common fundamental physical constants.		presentation, and		manner.	
3.	List the base and derived SI units.		reporting of	2.	Assume responsibility to	
4.	List and describe the properties of the common		measurement data.		autonomously:	
	fundamental particles, including mass, charge and spin.	2.	Communicate clearly	_	List a set of research objectives	
	Particle-antiparticle annihilation.		results to peers (in the		worthy of attention which are	
5.	List the various forms of energy and types of forces in nature and the properties of their carrier particles.		form of notes, resumes, reports, poster, article,		realizable given the available resources.	
6.	Explain the basic principles of quantum theory (sufficient		oral presentation) at	_	Write a literature review article	
	for medical physics).		local and international		concerning the area of interest.	
7.	Describe the structure of the atom and nucleus and		meetings and for	_	Realize the research objectives	
	define the terms 'isotope' and 'isobar'.		research journals.		by integrating and applying	
8.	Explain nuclear and electron energy levels, ionization,	3.	Use statistical		knowledge and skills.	
	nuclear isomers and the auger effect.		techniques / tests and	_	Communicate clearly results to	
9.	Describe and explain the structure of the periodic table and chart of the nuclides.		software to analyse measurement data and		peers (in the form of notes, resumes, reports, poster,	
10.	List and describe the various forms of chemical bonding.		manage associated		article, oral presentation) at	
11.	Explain energy transitions, spectra and the various forms		uncertainties.		local and international	
	of spectroscopy / spectrometry (including magnetic	4.	Use modelling and		meetings and for research	
	resonance spectroscopy)		simulation software		journals.	
12.	Describe the band theory of solids with particular		(e.g. Matlab, SimuLink)	_	Defend results in front of peers	
	emphasis on semiconductors.		to solve physics	3.	etc	
13.	Discuss nuclear stability, list and describe the various		problems including			
	modes of radioactive decay, explain decay schemes, and		signal and image			
	use decay and secular / transient equilibrium equations.		processing.			
14.	etc	5.	etc		11	

LO for the MPE as a Healthcare Professional

Knowledge		Skills		Competence		
1.	List and explain the functions of healthcare organizations, describe the way healthcare is organized	1.	Communicate effectively clinical information, advice, instruction and professional	1.	Practise responsibly within the legal, regulatory and ethical boundaries of the profession.	
	(internationally, nationally and locally) and discuss principles of clinical governance.		opinion to colleagues, other healthcare professionals within own future area/s of	2. 3.	Maintain fitness to practise in an autonomous manner. Collaborate with other healthcare	
2.	Describe the position of own institution and its function within the local healthcare organization		medical physics, support staff, service users, their relatives and carers using	Э.	professionals, support staff and service users, their relatives and carers within own future area/s of	
3.	Utilize accurate medical terminology in communication with other healthcare professionals.	2.	appropriate terminology. Establish the necessary communication links and	4.	medical physics. Take responsibility for the management of own workload to	
4.	Explain those sections of the human biological sciences (anatomy, physiology, pathology, cellular and biomolecular science, radiological anatomy) to a level		relations with other disciplines within the hospital both connected to own future area/s of medical physics.	5.	ensure effective and efficient input to the work of the healthcare team within own future area/s of medical physics. Organise the various aspects of the	
	appropriate to the profession and own future area/s of medical physics.	3.	Recognize and respond appropriately to own, patients' and their	6.	routine service within own future area/s of medical physics. Work responsibly within national /	
5.	etc		relatives' emotional responses present within own future area/s of	7.	local professional codes of practice. etc	
		4.	medical physics. etc		12	

LO for the MPE as Clinical Medical Device / Physical Agents Safety Expert

		Knowledge		Skills		Competence
	1.	List statutory and institutional requirements for Medical Physics Services in own area/s of medical physics practice with respect to the provision of a Comprehensive Scientific Service. Use physics, concepts, principles and theories to describe in detail and quantitatively, the structure,	1.	Apply the general concepts, principles, theories and practices of physics to the solution of clinical problems concerning the optimised use of medical devices and safety / management of risk	1.	Take responsibility for statutory and institutional requirements for Medical Physics Services in own area/s of medical physics practice with respect to the provision of a Comprehensive Scientific Service.
Comprehensive Scientific Service	3.	functioning, characteristics and use of the medical devices used in own area/s of medical physics. Describe in detail and quantitatively the physical properties of the physical agents (e.g., electrical energy, heat energy, static electric / magnetic fields, ionising and non-ionising electromagnetic radiation, ionising particles (electrons, ions, neutrons),	2.	with respect to associated physical agents. Use the general concepts, principles, theories and practices of physics to analyze the research literature concerning the optimised use of medical devices	2.	Take responsibility for applying the general concepts, principles, theories and practices of physics to the solution of clinical problem concerning the optimal use of medical devices and management of risk from associated physical agents in own area/s of medical physics practice.
Comprenensive	4.	vibration, sound and ultrasound and laser) to be found in the healthcare environment. Explain the difference between deterministic/stochastic, early/late and teratogenic/genetic effects in relation to each physical agent.	3.	and safety / management of risk with respect to associated physical agents.	3.	Take responsibility analyzing the research literature concerning the optimal use of medical devices and management of risk from associated physical agents and to transfer relevant published research result to the clinical environment in own area/s of
	5.	etc			4.	medical physics practice. etc

LO for the MPE as Clinical Medical Device / Physical Agents Safety Expert

	Knowledge		Skills		Competence		
	1.	List and explain statutory and institutional role of	1.	Select and perform	1.	Take responsibility for statutory and	
		Medical Physics Services with respect to Physical		measurements with		institutional requirements for Medical Physics	
		Agents Dosimetry Measurements (including ionising		instrumentation for the		Services in own area/s of medical physics	
		and non-ionising radiations).		measurement of the physical		practice with respect to Physical Agents	
	2.	Define and explain the physical quantities used to		quantities used to assess beneficial		Dosimetry Measurements.	
		assess beneficial or adverse biological effects for the		or adverse biological effects for	2.	Equip a laboratory for the measurement of	
ıts		various types of physical agents and methods for		the various types of physical		quantities used to assess beneficial or adverse	
ner		their measurement.		agents for patients, workers and		biological effects for the various types of	
Dosimetry Measurements	3.	List, define and measure or calculate the quantities		public in own area/s of medical		physical agents for the patients, workers and	
eası		(incl uding units and inter-relationships) used in		physics practice.		public in own area/s of medical physics	
Ž		patient dosimetry for the various types of ionising	2.	Select and perform measurements		practice.	
etry		(including radionuclides) and non-ionising radiations		with ionizing radiation dosimetry	3.	Take responsibility for the selection and	
sim		for each medical application (e.g., for projection		systems appropriate to own area/s		operation of instruments for the	
Physical Agents Dos		radiography these would include photon / energy		of medical physics practice.		measurement of the physical quantities used	
		fluence and fluence rate, absorbed dose, terma,	3.	Interpret the results of dosimetry		to assess beneficial or adverse biological	
Age		kerma, KAP, IAK, ESAK, ESD, effective dose; for CT		measurements.		effects for physical agents in own area/s of	
cal		these are ${\rm CTDI}_{\rm air}$, ${\rm CTDI}_{\rm w}$, ${\rm CTDI}_{\rm vol}$, KLP, effective	4.	Develop rigorous dosimetry		medical physics practice.	
isyı		dose).		protocols in own area/s of medical	4.	Take responsibility for the handling,	
<u> </u>	4.	Explain the relationship between the various		physics practice.		management and maintenance of dosimetry	
		dosimetric quantities used (e.g., between energy	5.	Use specialized dosimetry		instruments in own area/s of medical physics	
		fluence, kerma and absorbed dose for photon		software / conversion coefficients		practice.	
		beams including the concept of charged particle		to calculate effective doses and	5.	Take responsibility for dosimetric	
		equilibrium).		organ absorbed doses from		investigations and the supervision of	
	5.	etc		dosimetry measurements.		dosimetry measurements.	
			6.	etc	6.	etc	

Areas of MP - Nuclear Medicine

	Knowledge			Skills	Competences	
	1.	List statutory and institutional requirements for Medical Physics Services in Nuclear Medicine	10.	Optimize imaging and therapeutic protocols.	15.	Take responsibility for statutory and institutional requirements for
		with respect to Clinical Involvement.	11.	Design a treatment plan.		Medical Physics Services in
	2.	Describe the principles of anatomy, physiology,	12.	Advise on the use of		Nuclear Medicine with respect to
		biology, radiobiology and pathology as related to the main clinical applications of Nuclear Medicine diagnostic and therapeutic techniques.		Nuclear Medicine data for radiotherapy planning.	16.	Clinical Involvement. Advise Nuclear Medicine physicians in imaging
nt	3.	Describe the general role of Nuclear Medicine procedures in diagnosis, therapy and treatment	13.	Analyze how molecular radiotherapy could	17.	interpretation and quantification. Take responsibility for deriving
Clinical involvement	4.	response evaluation. Explain how Nuclear Medicine devices are used		impact on other treatment modalities.		semi-quantitative and quantitative data for clinical application.
olve	4.	for the solution of a clinical problem.	14.	etc	18.	Advise on different treatment
inve	5.	Describe the principle of radiopharmaceutical		Cic	10.	schedule options.
<u>a</u>		preparation and associated quality control.			19.	Participate in justification as
i <u>i</u>	6.	Describe the principles of radiopharmaceutical				appropriate.
0		biodistribution in normal organ and target tissues.			20.	Advise on and take responsibility for optimization of clinical
	7.	Describe the fundamentals of molecular radiotherapy.				acquisition protocols in both standard and non-standard
	8.	Explain the fundamentals of the use of Nuclear Medicine procedures in EBRT planning.			21.	situations. etc
	9.	etc				

Seville Workshop



- Objectives of Workshop:
 - Discuss the status, education and training, recognition and cross-border mobility of the MPE
 - Discuss the final draft of the 'Guidelines on MPE' document

Thank you for your attention

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